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A STUDY OF DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF E-GOVERNANCE MODEL IN INDIA

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ABSTRACT

Citizens and businesses may provide interactive services via e-governance, particularly in impoverished countries. This is the use of government for improved, fast-track services for individuals, the industry, employees and other government parties of different information technologies, including networking, Internet and mobile computing. The objectives of e-essential governance are – bis enhance the relationship between citizens and governments: A responsible government keeps the people informed and frequently enables interactions to resolve their problems immediately. This enables people to participate more in democracy. The government may collect feedback on specific problems with e-governance and become aware of particular challenges. Cost-efficiency purchase: Governments are under increasing pressure to deliver services with limited funds and resources. However, the true supply of data and the expense of mail and postal services are unnecessary to the e-government. This also reduces travel and the actual communication expenses. The response time of the government has also been substantially reduced and its queries may be answered early.